

Clinical Policy: Filgrastim (Neupogen), Filgrastim-sndz (Zarxio), Tbo-filgrastim (Granix), Filgrastim-aafi (Nivestym)

Reference Number: CP.CPA.129

Effective Date: 11.16

Last Review Date: 08.19

Line of Business: Commercial

[Coding Implications](#)

[Revision Log](#)

See [Important Reminder](#) at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Filgrastim (Neupogen®) and its biosimilars, filgrastim-sndz (Zarxio®), filgrastim-aafi (Nivestym™), and tbo-filgrastim (Granix®), are human granulocyte colony-stimulating factors.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Granix is indicated to reduce the duration of severe neutropenia in adult and pediatric patients 1 month and older with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a clinically significant incidence of febrile neutropenia (FN).

Neupogen, Nivestym, and Zarxio are indicated to:

- Decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by FN, in patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anticancer drugs associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever.
- Reduce the time to neutrophil recovery and the duration of fever, following induction or consolidation chemotherapy treatment of patients with acute myeloid leukemia (AML).
- Reduce the duration of neutropenia and neutropenia-related clinical sequelae, e.g., FN, in patients with non-myeloid malignancies undergoing myeloablative chemotherapy followed by bone marrow transplantation (BMT).
- Mobilize autologous hematopoietic progenitor cells into the peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis.
- Reduce the incidence and duration of sequelae of severe neutropenia (e.g., fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers) in symptomatic patients with congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, or idiopathic neutropenia.

Neupogen is also indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation (hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome).

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation® that Neupogen, Zarxio, Nivestym, and Granix are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria**A. Chemotherapy-Induced Neutropenia (must meet all):**

1. Diagnosis of non-myeloid malignancy or AML;
2. Prescribed for use following myelosuppressive chemotherapy;
3. Dose does not exceed 30 mcg/kg per day [IV] or 24 mcg/kg per day [SC].

Approval duration: 6 months or to the member's renewal date, whichever is longer

B. Bone Marrow Transplantation (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of non-myeloid malignancy;
2. Member is undergoing myeloablative chemotherapy following BMT;
3. Dose does not exceed 10 mcg/kg per day.

Approval duration: 6 months or to the member's renewal date, whichever is longer

C. Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell Collection (must meet all):

1. Prescribed for the mobilization of autologous hematopoietic progenitor cells into the peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis;
2. The prescribed drug will be initiated before leukapheresis (e.g., prescribed for 6 to 7 days with leukapheresis on days 5, 6 and 7);
3. Dose does not exceed 10 mcg/kg per day.

Approval duration: 6 months or to the member's renewal date, whichever is longer

D. Chronic Neutropenia (must meet all):

1. Prescribed for use in symptomatic (e.g., fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers) severe chronic neutropenia caused by congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, or idiopathic neutropenia;
2. Dose does not exceed 30 mcg/kg per day [IV] or 24 mcg/kg per day [SC].

Approval duration: 6 months or to the member's renewal date, whichever is longer

E. Acute Radiation Syndrome (must meet all):

1. Prescribed for use following suspected or confirmed acute exposure to myelosuppressive doses of radiation;
2. Dose does not exceed 10 mcg/kg per day.

Approval duration: 6 months or to the member's renewal date, whichever is longer

F. Myelodysplastic Syndrome (off-label) (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of myelodysplastic syndrome with symptomatic anemia without del (5q) abnormality;
2. Current (within the past 30 days) serum erythropoietin level ≤ 500 mU/mL;
3. Request meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Dose does not exceed 2 mcg/kg twice a week;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

Approval duration: 6 months or to the member's renewal date, whichever is longer

G. Other diagnoses/indications:

1. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.CPA.09 for commercial.

II. Continued Therapy**A. All Indications in Section I (must meet all):**

1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
3. If request is for a dose increase, request meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. New dose does not exceed the FDA-approved maximum recommended dose for the relevant indication
 - b. New dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

Approval duration: 6 months or to the member's renewal date, whichever is longer

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy.
Approval duration: Duration of request or 6 months (whichever is less); or
2. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.CPA.09 for commercial.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – CP.CPA.09 for commercial or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information*Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key*

AML: acute myeloid/myelogenous leukemia

ANC: absolute neutrophil count

BMT: bone marrow transplantation

FDA: Food and Drug Administration

FN: febrile neutropenia

G-CSF: granulocyte colony-stimulating factor

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

Not applicable

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): history of serious allergic reactions
- Boxed warning(s): none reported

Appendix D: General Information

- Neutropenia is defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 500 neutrophils/mcL or an ANC of < 1,000 neutrophils/mcL and a predicted decline to ≤ 500 neutrophils/mcL over the next 48 hours. Neutropenia can progress to FN, defined as a single temperature of $\geq 38.8^{\circ}\text{C}$ orally or $\geq 38.0^{\circ}\text{C}$ over 1 hour.
- The development of febrile neutropenia is a common dose-limiting toxicity of many chemotherapy regimens. This risk is directly related to the intensity of the chemotherapy regimen. Chemotherapy regimens that have an incidence of febrile neutropenia greater than 20% in clinical trials in chemotherapy naïve patients are considered by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) panel at high risk. Prophylaxis with myeloid growth factors is recommended at this level of risk (Category 1 recommendation). NCCN Compendium recommend prophylaxis be considered in intermediate-risk (10-20% overall risk of FN) patients (Category 2A recommendation). In addition to chemotherapy regimens, other risk factors such as: treatment-related, patient related, cancer-related, and co-morbidities have also been associated with an increased risk of febrile neutropenia. Therefore, the type of chemotherapy regimen is only one component of the risk assessment.
- For chemotherapy patients, continuing filgrastim until the ANC has reached $10,000/\text{mm}^3$ following the expected chemotherapy-induced neutrophil nadir (as specified in the G-CSF package insert), is known to be safe and effective. However, a shorter duration of administration that is sufficient to achieve clinically adequate neutrophil recovery is a reasonable alternative, considering issues of patient convenience and cost.
- Evidence supports dose reduction of pegylated interferon according to FDA-approved labeling as treatment for neutropenia occurring in hepatitis C patients treated with combination therapy (pegylated interferon + ribavirin). Treatment with filgrastim is not FDA approved or recommended by current hepatitis C treatment guidelines except in patients with decompensated cirrhosis.
- There are insufficient data to support the use of filgrastim to treat febrile neutropenia in patients who have received prophylactic Neulasta.
- In a randomized, double-blind, multi-center safety and efficacy study of 218 breast cancer patients receiving chemotherapy with a high risk of neutropenia, Zarxio was non-inferior to Neupogen on the primary endpoint of duration of severe neutropenia (1.17 days for Zarxio and 1.20 days for Neupogen).
- NCCN guidelines for myelodysplastic syndrome list filgrastim with a category 2A recommendation for use as initial treatment of symptomatic anemia in lower risk disease with no del (5q), serum erythropoietin levels ≤ 500 mU/mL, and ring sideroblasts $\geq 15\%$. Filgrastim may also be considered for the treatment of symptomatic anemia in lower risk disease with serum erythropoietin levels ≤ 500 mU/mL, and ring sideroblasts $< 15\%$ when there is no response to epoetin or darbepoetin alone (category 2A recommendation).
- For patients with a latex allergy, Granix (tbo-filgrastim) and Nivestym (filgrastim-aafi) are considered to be latex free. For Neupogen (filgrastim), and Zarxio (filgrastim-sndz), the presence of latex definitively be ruled out.

V. Dosage and Administration

Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
Filgrastim (Neupogen), filgrastim-sndz (Zarxio), filgrastim-aafi (Nivestym)	Chemotherapy-Induced Neutropenia	5 mcg/kg SC or IV QD Dose may be increased in increments of 5 mcg/kg for each chemotherapy cycle, according to the duration and severity of the ANC nadir Do not administer 24 hours before and after chemotherapy	30 mcg/kg/day [IV] or 24 mcg/kg/day [SC]
	Chronic neutropenia	Congenital: 6 mcg/kg SC BID Idiopathic or cyclic: 5 mcg/kg SC QD	30 mcg/kg/day [IV] or 24 mcg/kg/day [SC]
	BMT	10 mcg/kg IV or SC infusion QD	10 mcg/kg/day
	Peripheral blood progenitor cell collection	10 mcg/kg SC bolus or continuous infusion QD	10 mcg/kg/day
	Patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation	10 mcg/kg SC QD	10 mcg/kg/day
Tbo-filgrastim (Granix)	Myelosuppressive chemotherapy	5 mcg/kg SC or IV QD	5 mcg/kg/day

VI. Product Availability

Drug	Availability
Filgrastim (Neupogen)	Single-dose prefilled syringes for injection: 300 mcg/0.5 mL, 480 mcg/0.8 mL Single-dose vials for injection: 300 mcg/mL, 480 mcg/1.6 mL
Filgrastim-sndz (Zarxio)	Single-dose prefilled syringes for injection: 300 mcg/0.5 mL, 480 mcg/0.8 mL
Filgrastim-aafi (Nivestym)	Single-dose prefilled syringes for injection: 300 mcg/0.5 mL, 480 mcg/0.8 mL Single-dose vials for injection: 300 mcg/mL, 480 mcg/1.6 mL
Tbo-filgrastim (Granix)	Single-dose prefilled syringes for injection: 300 mcg/0.5 mL, 480 mcg/0.8 mL Single-dose vials for injection: 300 mcg/mL, 480 mcg/1.6 mL

VII. References

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Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J1442	Injection, filgrastim (G-CSF), excludes biosimilars, 1 microgram
J1447	Injection, tbo-filgrastim, 1 microgram
Q5101	Injection, filgrastim (G-CSF), biosimilar, 1 microgram
Q5110	Injection, filgrastim-aafi, biosimilar, 1 microgram

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
Converted to new template. Minor changes to verbiage and grammar. References updated.	01.17.17	11.17
3Q 2018 annual review: added Zarxio to criteria; added criteria sets for all FDA-approved indications consistent with other existing lines of business; chemotherapy induced neutropenia: removed subjective criteria requirements related to neutropenia risk factors to align with other lines of business; references reviewed and updated.	05.02.18	08.18
No significant changes: revised FDA Approved Indication(s) section for Granix-indication expanded to include pediatric patients ≥ 1 month old per updated FDA labeling.	09.26.18	
3Q 2019 annual review: added Nivestym to criteria; references reviewed and updated.	05.15.19	08.19
Added latex allergy information to appendix	07.17.19	

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. “Health Plan” means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan’s affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

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